

SAFETY DATA SHEET

SECTION 1: IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING

1.1. Product identifier

Product name: COLLE THERMOFIXABLE

Product code: ODIF-606

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Spray adhesive.

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Registered company name: ODIF.

Address: 118, chemin du Sermoraz - BP 413.01704.BEYNOST Cedex.France.

Telephone: +33 (0)4 78 55 07 43. Fax: +33 (0)4 72 25 84 63.

Email: odif@odif.com http://www.odif.com

1.4. Emergency telephone number: +33 (0)1 45 42 59 59.

Association/Organisation: INRS / ORFILA http://www.centres-antipoison.net.

SECTION 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

GHS compliant.

Aerosol, Category 1 (Aerosol 1, H222 - H229).

Acute inhalation toxicity, Category 5 (Acute Tox. 5, H333).

This mixture does not present an environmental hazard. No known or foreseeable environmental damage under standard conditions of use.

2.2. Label elements

Mixture for aerosol application.

GHS compliant.

Hazard pictograms:



GHS02

Signal Word : DANGER

Hazard statements:

H222 Extremely flammable aerosol.

H229 Pressurised container: May burst if heated.

H333 May be harmful if inhaled.

Precautionary statements - General:

P101 If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.

P102 Keep out of reach of children. P103 Read label before use.

Precautionary statements - Prevention:

P210 Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No

smoking.

P211 Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source.

P251 Do not pierce or burn, even after use.

Precautionary statements - Storage:

P410 + P412 Protect from sunlight. Do no expose to temperatures exceeding 50 oC/122oF.

2.3. Other hazards

No data available.

SECTION 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

3.2. Mixtures

Composition:

| Identification | GHS | Note | % |
|-------------------------|--------------------|------|------------------|
| CAS: 115-10-6 | GHS04, GHS02 | [1] | 50 <= x % < 65 |
| EC: 204-065-8 | Dgr | | |
| REACH: 01-2119472128-37 | Flam. Gas 1, H220 | | |
| | Acute Tox. 5, H333 | | |
| DIMETHYL ETHER | | | |
| CAS: 106-97-8 | GHS04, GHS02 | [1] | 10 <= x % < 28.5 |
| EC: 203-448-7 | Dgr | | |
| REACH: 01-2119474691-32 | Flam. Gas 1, H220 | | |
| | Acute Tox. 5, H333 | | |
| BUTANE | | | |
| CAS: 74-98-6 | GHS04, GHS02 | [1] | 2.5 <= x % < 6.5 |
| EC: 200-827-9 | Dgr | [7] | |
| REACH: 01-2119486944-21 | Flam. Gas 1, H220 | | |
| | | | |
| PROPANE | | | |

(Full text of H-phrases: see section 16)

Information on ingredients:

- [7] Propellant gas
- [1] Substance for which maximum workplace exposure limits are available.

SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES

As a general rule, in case of doubt or if symptoms persist, always call a doctor.

NEVER induce swallowing by an unconscious person.

4.1. Description of first aid measures

In the event of exposure by inhalation:

In the event of massive inhalation, remove the person exposed to fresh air. Keep warm and at rest.

If breathing is irregular or has stopped, effect mouth-to-mouth resuscitation and call a doctor.

Do not proceed with mouth-to-mouth or mouth-to-nose resuscitation. Use the appropriate equipment.

In the event of splashes or contact with eyes :

Wash thoroughly with fresh, clean water for 15 minutes holding the eyelids open.

In the event of swallowing:

In the event of swallowing, if the quantity is small (no more than one mouthful), rinse the mouth with water and consult a doctor.

Keep the person exposed at rest. Do not force vomiting.

Seek medical attention, showing the label.

If swallowed accidentally, call a doctor to ascertain whether observation and hospital care will be necessary. Show the label.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

No data available.

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

No data available.

SECTION 5: FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

Flammable.

Chemical powders, carbon dioxide and other extinguishing gas are suitable for small fires.

5.1. Extinguishing media

Keep packages near the fire cool, to prevent pressurised containers from bursting.

Suitable methods of extinction

In the event of a fire, use:

- sprayed water or water mist
- water with AFFF (Aqueous Film Forming Foam) additive

- halon
- multipurpose ABC powder
- BC powder

Prevent the effluent of fire-fighting measures from entering drains or waterways.

Unsuitable methods of extinction

In the event of a fire, do not use:

- water jet

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

A fire will often produce a thick black smoke. Exposure to decomposition products may be hazardous to health.

Do not breathe in smoke.

In the event of a fire, the following may be formed:

- carbon monoxide (CO)
- carbon dioxide (CO2)

5.3. Advice for firefighters

Due to the toxicity of the gas emitted on thermal decomposition of the products, fire-fighting personnel are to be equipped with autonomous insulating breathing apparatus.

SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Consult the safety measures listed under headings 7 and 8.

For non first aid worker

Because of the organic solvents contained in the mixture, eliminate sources of ignition and ventilate the area.

Avoid inhaling the vapors.

If a large quantity has been spilt, evacuate all personnel and only allow intervention by trained operators equipped with safety apparatus.

For first aid worker

First aid workers will be equipped with suitable personal protective equipment (See section 8).

6.2. Environmental precautions

Contain and control the leaks or spills with non-combustible absorbent materials such as sand, earth, vermiculite, diatomaceous earth in drums for waste disposal.

Prevent any material from entering drains or waterways.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Clean preferably with a detergent, do not use solvents.

6.4. Reference to other sections

No data available.

SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE

Requirements relating to storage premises apply to all facilities where the mixture is handled.

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Always wash hands after handling.

Remove and wash contaminated clothing before re-using.

Ensure that there is adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas.

Fire prevention:

Handle in well-ventilated areas.

Vapours are heavier than air. They can spread along the ground and form mixtures that are explosive with air.

Prevent the formation of flammable or explosive concentrations in air and avoid vapor concentrations higher than the occupational exposure limits.

Do not spray on a naked flame or any incandescent material.

Do not pierce or burn, even after use.

Use the mixture in premises free of naked flames or other sources of ignition and ensure that electrical equipment is suitably protected.

Keep packages tightly closed and away from sources of heat, sparks and naked flames.

Do not use tools which may produce sparks. Do not smoke.

Prevent access by unauthorised personnel.

Recommended equipment and procedures :

For personal protection, see section 8.

Observe precautions stated on label and also industrial safety regulations.

Do not breathe in aerosols.

Avoid inhaling vapors. Carry out any industrial operation which may give rise to this in a sealed apparatus.

Provide vapor extraction at the emission source and also general ventilation of the premises.

Also provide breathing apparatus for certain short tasks of an exceptional nature and for emergency interventions.

In all cases, recover emissions at source.

Packages which have been opened must be reclosed carefully and stored in an upright position.

Prohibited equipment and procedures :

No smoking, eating or drinking in areas where the mixture is used.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

No data available.

Storage

Keep out of reach of children.

Keep the container tightly closed in a dry, well-ventilated place.

Keep away from all sources of ignition - do not smoke.

Keep well away from all sources of ignition, heat and direct sunlight.

The floor must be impermeable and form a collecting basin so that, in the event of an accidental spillage, the liquid cannot spread beyond this area.

Pressurised container: protect from sunlight and do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C.

Packaging

Always keep in packaging made of an identical material to the original.

7.3. Specific end use(s)

No data available.

SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

8.1. Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits:

- European Union (2017/2398, 2017/164, 2009/161, 2006/15/CE, 2000/39/CE, 98/24/CE):

| CAS | VME-mg/m3: | VME-ppm: | VLE-mg/m3: | VLE-ppm: | Notes: | |
|----------------|---------------------|---------------------|-------------------------|-----------------------|--------|--|
| 115-10-6 | 1920 | 1000 | - | - | - | |
| - ACGIH TLV (A | American Conference | of Governmental Ind | lustrial Hygienists, Th | reshold Limit Values, | 2010): | |

| - ACGIH ILV (A | imerican Conference | or Governmental II | ndustriai Hygienists, i | nresnoid Limit Values, | , 2010): |
|----------------|---------------------|--------------------|-------------------------|------------------------|----------|
| | | | | | |

| CAS | TWA: | STEL: | Ceiling : | Definition : | Criteria : | |
|----------|----------|-------|-----------|--------------|------------|--|
| 106-97-8 | 1000 ppm | | | | | |
| 74-98-6 | 1000 ppm | | | | | |

- Germany - AGW (BAuA - TRGS 900, 29/01/2018) :

| CAS | VME : | VME : | Excess | Notes | |
|----------|-------|------------------------|--------|-------|--|
| 115-10-6 | | 1000 ppm | | 8(II) | |
| | | 1900 mg/m ³ | | | |
| 106-97-8 | | 1000 ppm | | 4(II) | |
| | | 2400 mg/m ³ | | | |
| 74-98-6 | | 1000 ppm | | 4(II) | |
| | | 1800 mg/m ³ | | | |

- Belgium (Arrêté du 09/03/2014, 2014) :

| CAS | TWA: | STEL: | Ceiling : | Definition : | Criteria : |
|----------|------------|-------|-----------|--------------|------------|
| 115-10-6 | 1000 ppm | | | | |
| | 1920 mg/m³ | | | | |
| 106-97-8 | 1000 ppm | | | | |
| 74-98-6 | 1000 ppm | | | | |

- France (INRS - ED984:2016):

| CAS | VME-ppm: | VME-mg/m3: | VLE-ppm: | VLE-mg/m3: | Notes: | TMP No: | |
|----------|----------|------------|----------|------------|--------|---------|---|
| 115-10-6 | 1000 | 1920 | - | - | - | - | - |
| 106-97-8 | 800 | 1900 | - | - | - | - | |

- Switzerland (SUVAPRO 2017):

| CAS | VME | VLE | Valeur plafond | Notations | |
|----------|------------|------------------------|----------------|-----------|--|
| 115-10-6 | 1000 ppm | | | | |
| | 1910 mg/m³ | | | | |
| 106-97-8 | 800 ppm | 3200 ppm | | | |
| | 1900 mg/m³ | 7200 mg/m ³ | | | |
| 74-98-6 | 1000 ppm | 4000 ppm | | | |
| | 1800 mg/m³ | 7200 mg/m ³ | | | |

- UK / WEL (Workplace exposure limits, EH40/2005, 2011):

| CAS | TWA: | STEL: | Ceiling : | Definition : | Criteria : |
|----------|-----------------------|------------|-----------|--------------|------------|
| 115-10-6 | 400 ppm | 500 ppm | | | |
| | 766 mg/m ³ | 958 mg/m³ | | | |
| 106-97-8 | 600 ppm | 750 ppm | | Carc | |
| | 1450 mg/m3 | 1810 mg/m3 | | | |

- USA / AIHA WEEL (American Industrial Hygiene Association, Workplace Environmental Exposure Limit, 2010):

| CAS | TWA: | STEL: | Ceiling: | Definition : | Criteria : |
|----------|----------|-------|----------|--------------|------------|
| 115-10-6 | 1000 ppm | | | | |

8.2. Exposure controls

Personal protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

Pictogram(s) indicating the obligation of wearing personal protective equipment (PPE) :







Use personal protective equipment that is clean and has been properly maintained.

Store personal protective equipment in a clean place, away from the work area.

Never eat, drink or smoke during use. Remove and wash contaminated clothing before re-using. Ensure that there is adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas.

- Eye / face protection

Avoid contact with eyes.

Use eye protectors designed to protect against liquid splashes

Before handling, wear safety goggles in accordance with standard EN166.

- Hand protection

Use suitable protective gloves that are resistant to chemical agents in accordance with standard EN374.

Gloves must be selected according to the application and duration of use at the workstation.

Protective gloves need to be selected according to their suitability for the workstation in question: other chemical products that may be handled, necessary physical protections (cutting, pricking, heat protection), level of dexterity required.

Type of gloves recommended:

- PVA (Polyvinyl alcohol)

Recommended properties:

- Impervious gloves in accordance with standard EN374

- Body protection

Work clothing worn by personnel shall be laundered regularly.

After contact with the product, all parts of the body that have been soiled must be washed.

- Respiratory protection

Avoid breathing vapours.

If the ventilation is insufficient, wear appropriate breathing apparatus.

When workers are confronted with concentrations that are above occupational exposure limits, they must wear a suitable, approved, respiratory protection device.

Type of FFP mask:

Wear a disposable half-mask aerosol filter in accordance with standard EN149.

Category:

- FFP1

Anti-gas and vapour filter(s) (Combined filters) in accordance with standard EN14387:

- A1 (Brown)

Particle filter according to standard EN143:

- P1 (White)

SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

General information:

Physical state:

| | Spray. |
|--|---------------------------|
| Important health, safety and environmental information | |
| pH: | Not relevant. |
| Vapour pressure (50°C): | Below 110 kPa (1.10 bar). |
| Density: | <1 |
| Water solubility : | Insoluble. |
| Chemical combustion heat : | Not specified. |
| Inflammation time : | Not specified. |
| Deflagration density: | Not specified. |
| Inflammation distance : | Not specified. |
| Flame height : | Not specified. |
| Flame duration : | Not specified. |

Fluid liquid.

9.2. Other information

No data available.

SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

10.1. Reactivity

No data available.

10.2. Chemical stability

This mixture is stable under the recommended handling and storage conditions in section 7.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

When exposed to high temperatures, the mixture can release hazardous decomposition products, such as carbon monoxide and dioxide, fumes and nitrogen oxide.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Any apparatus likely to produce a flame or to have a metallic surface at high temperature (burners, electric arcs, furnaces etc.) must not be allowed on the premises.

Avoid:

- heating
- heat

10.5. Incompatible materials

Keep away from:

- strong acids
- strong oxidising agents

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

The thermal decomposition may release/form:

- carbon monoxide (CO)
- carbon dioxide (CO2)

SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

11.1. Information on toxicological effects

Exposure to vapours from solvents in the mixture in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effects such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effects on kidney, liver and central nervous system.

Symptoms produced will include headaches, numbness, dizziness, fatigue, muscular asthenia and, in extreme cases, loss of consciousness. May be harmful by inhalation.

Repeated or prolonged contact with the mixture may cause removal of natural oil from the skin resulting in non-allergic contact dermatitis and absorption through the skin.

Splashes in the eyes may cause irritation and reversible damage

11.1.1. Substances

Acute toxicity:

BUTANE (CAS: 106-97-8)

Inhalation route (n/a): LC50 = 658 mg/l Species: Rat

Duration of exposure: 4 h

DIMETHYL ETHER (CAS: 115-10-6)

Inhalation route (n/a) : LC50 = 312 mg/l Species : Rat

Duration of exposure: 4 h

11.1.2. Mixture

No toxicological data available for the mixture.

SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

12.1. Toxicity

12.1.1. Substances

BUTANE (CAS: 106-97-8)

Fish toxicity: LC50 = 24.11 mg/l

Duration of exposure: 96 h

SAFETY DATA SHEET (GHS, Anx 4) COLLE THERMOFIXABLE - ODIF-606

Crustacean toxicity: EC50 = 14.22 mg/l

Species : Daphnia magna Duration of exposure : 48 h

DIMETHYL ETHER (CAS: 115-10-6)

Fish toxicity: LC50 > 4000 mg/l

Species : Poecilia reticulata Duration of exposure : 96 h

Crustacean toxicity: EC50 = 755.449 mg/l

Species : Daphnia magna Duration of exposure : 48 h

12.1.2. Mixtures

No aquatic toxicity data available for the mixture.

12.2. Persistence and degradability

12.2.1. Substances

BUTANE (CAS: 106-97-8)

Biodegradability: no degradability data is available, the substance is considered as not

degrading quickly.

DIMETHYL ETHER (CAS: 115-10-6)

Biodegradability: no degradability data is available, the substance is considered as not

degrading quickly.

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

12.3.1. Substances

BUTANE (CAS: 106-97-8)

Octanol/water partition coefficient : log Koe < 3.

DIMETHYL ETHER (CAS: 115-10-6)

Octanol/water partition coefficient : log Koe = 0.18

12.4. Mobility in soil

No data available.

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

No data available.

12.6. Other adverse effects

No data available.

SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

The appropriate waste management of the mixture and/or its container must be determined in accordance with local regulations.

13.1. Waste treatment methods

Do not pour into drains or waterways.

Waste:

Waste management is carried out without endangering human health, without harming the environment and, in particular without risk to water, air, soil, plants or animals.

Recycle or dispose of waste in compliance with current legislation, preferably via a certified collector or company.

Do not contaminate the ground or water with waste, do not dispose of waste into the environment.

Soiled packaging:

Empty container completely. Keep label(s) on container.

Give to a certified disposal contractor.

SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION

Transport product in compliance with provisions of the ADR for road, RID for rail, IMDG for sea and ICAO/IATA for air transport (ADR 2017 - IMDG 2016 - ICAO/IATA 2017).

14.1. UN number

1950

14.2. UN proper shipping name

UN1950=AEROSOLS, flammable

14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

- Classification:



2.1

14.4. Packing group

14.5. Environmental hazards

14.6. Special precautions for user

| ADR/RID | Class | Code | Pack gr. | Label | Ident. | LQ | Provis. | EQ | Cat. | Tunnel |
|---------|-------|----------|----------|-----------|----------|---------|---------|-----------|------|--------|
| | 2 | 5F | - | 2.1 | - | 1 L | 190 327 | E0 | 2 | D |
| | | | | | | | 344 625 | | | |
| IMDG | Class | 2°Label | Pack gr. | LQ | EMS | Provis. | EQ | | | |
| | 2 | See SP63 | - | See SP277 | F-D,S-U | 63 190 | E0 | | | |
| | | | | | | 277 327 | | | | |
| | | | | | | 344 381 | | | | |
| | | | | | | 959 | | | | |
| IATA | Class | 2°Label | Pack gr. | Passager | Passager | Cargo | Cargo | note | EQ | |
| | 2.1 | - | - | 203 | 75 kg | 203 | 150 kg | A145 A167 | E0 | |
| | | | | | | | | A802 | | |
| | 2.1 | - | - | Y203 | 30 kg G | - | - | A145 A167 | E0 | |
| | | | | | | | | A802 | | |

For limited quantities, see part 2.7 of the OACI/IATA and chapter 3.4 of the ADR and IMDG.

For excepted quantities, see part 2.6 of the OACI/IATA and chapter 3.5 of the ADR and IMDG.

14.7. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of Marpol and the IBC Code

No data available.

SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

The following regulations have been used:

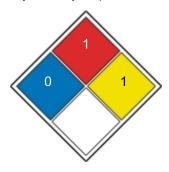
- Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals (GHS), review no. 5 (2013)
- Container information:

No data available.

- Particular provisions :

No data available.

- Standardised American system for the identification of hazards presented by the product in view of emergency procedures (NFPA 704): NFPA 704, Labelling: Health=0 Inflammability=1 Instability/Reactivity=1 Specific Risk=none



- Swiss ordinance on the incentive tax on volatile organic compounds :

éther diméthylique (oxyde de diméthyle) 115-10-6

75-28-5 2-méthylpropane (alcool isobutylique,isobutane)

106-97-8 n-butane 74-98-6 propane

15.2. Chemical safety assessment

No data available.

SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION

Since the user's working conditions are not known by us, the information supplied on this safety data sheet is based on our current level of knowledge and on national and community regulations.

The mixture must not be used for other uses than those specified in section 1 without having first obtained written handling instructions.

It is at all times the responsibility of the user to take all necessary measures to comply with legal requirements and local regulations.

The information in this safety data sheet must be regarded as a description of the safety requirements relating to the mixture and not as a guarantee of the properties thereof.

Wording of the phrases mentioned in section 3:

| H220 | Extremely flammable gas. |
|------|---|
| H280 | Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated. |
| H333 | May be harmful if inhaled. |

Abbreviations:

ADR : European agreement concerning the international carriage of dangerous goods by Road.

IMDG: International Maritime Dangerous Goods. IATA: International Air Transport Association. ICAO: International Civil Aviation Organisation

RID: Regulations concerning the International carriage of Dangerous goods by rail.

GHS02: Flame

PBT: Persistent, bioaccumulable and toxic. vPvB : Very persistent, very bioaccumulable.